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TOSHIBA Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC7WPN3125FK, TC7WPN3125FC

Low Voltage/Low Power 2-Bit Dual Supply Bus Buffer

The TC7WPN3125 is a dual supply, advanced high-speed CMOS 2-bit dual supply voltage interface bus buffer fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology.

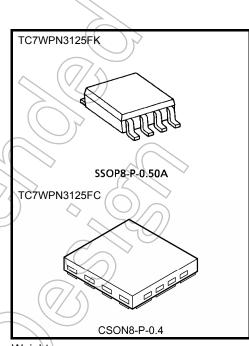
It is also designed with over voltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to  $3.6\ V.$ 

Designed for use as an interface between a 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, or 2.5-V bus and a 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.6-V bus in mixed 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V or 2.5-V/1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.6-V supply systems.

The A-input interfaces with the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V or 2.5-V bus, the B-output with the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V bus.

The enable input  $(\overline{OE})$  can be used to disable the device so that the signal lines are effectively isolated.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.



Weight:

SSOP8-P-0.50A : 0.01 g (typ.) CSON8-P-0.4 : 0.002 g (typ.)

#### **Features**

- Level converter for interfacing 1.2-V to 1.8-V, 1.2-V to 2.5-V, 1.2-V to 3.3-V, 1.5-V to 2.5-V, 1.5-V to 3.3-V, 1.8-V to 2.5-V, 1.8-V to 3.3-V or 2.5 V to 3.3-V system.
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 13.7 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$

 $t_{pd} = 14.8 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 16.0 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 29 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd}$  = 18.5 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8  $\pm$  0.15 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5  $\pm$  0.2 V)

 $t_{pd} = 19.7 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 33 \text{ ns (max)} (V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 43 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V})$ 

- Output current: IOH / IOL = ±3 mA (min) (VCC = 3.0 V)
  - $IOH / IOL = \pm 2mA \text{ (min)} \text{ (VCC} = 2.3 \text{ V)}$

 $IOH / IOL = \pm 0.5 \text{ mA (min) (VCC} = 1.65 \text{ V)}$ 

- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200 \text{ V}$

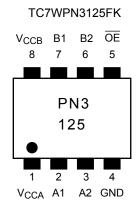
Human body model  $\geq \pm 2000 \text{ V}$ 

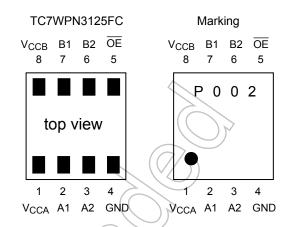
- Ultra-small package: CSON8(CST8), SSOP8(US8)
- Low current consumption: Using the new circuit significantly reduces current consumption when  $\overline{OE}$  = "H". Suitable for battery-driven applications such as PDAs and cellular phones.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs.

Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

Start of commercial production 2005-09

### Pin Assignment (top view)





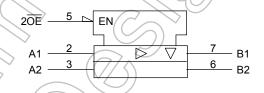
#### **Truth Table**

Inputs		Output
ŌĒ	A1, A2	B1, B2
L	L	L
L	Н	Н
Н	Х	Z

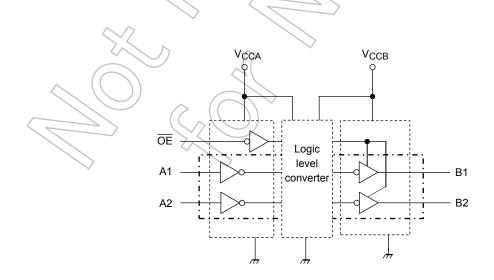
X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

# IEC Logic Symbol



# **Block Diagram**





#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage (Note 2)	V <sub>CCA</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
(Note 2)	V <sub>CCB</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	·
DC input voltage (An, OE)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC output voltage	V	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 3)	V
(Bn)	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5 (Note 4)	\ \ /
Input diode current	lık	-50	mA
Output diode current	lok	±50 (Note 5)	mA
DC output current	loutb	±6	mA//
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current per supply pin	ICCA	±25	mA
DC VCC/ground current per supply pin	I <sub>CCB</sub>	±50	INA
Power dissination	D-	200 (SSOP8)	mM
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	150 (CSON8)	mW/
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	>°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: Don't supply a voltage to V<sub>CCB</sub> pin when V<sub>CCA</sub> is in the OFF state.

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or Low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed

Note 5: Vout < GND, Vout > Vcc

### **Operating Ranges (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	✓ V <sub>CCA</sub>	1.1 to 2.7	V
(Note 2)	V <sub>CCB</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	
Input voltage (An, OE)	VIN	0 to 3.6	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUTB</sub>	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
(Bn)	VOOTB	0 to V <sub>CCB</sub> (Note 4)	]
Output current	4	±3 (Note 5)	
(Bn)	loutb	±2 (Note 6)	mA
(BH)		±0.5 (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	Lopr	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device.

Unused inputs must be tied to either V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

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Note 2: Don't use in V<sub>CCA</sub> > V<sub>CCB</sub>

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note 6:  $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Note 7:  $V_{CCB} = 1.65 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ 

Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CCA} = 2.5$  V,  $V_{CCB} = 3.0$  V



### **Electrical Characteristics**

# DC Characteristics (1.1 V $\leq$ V<sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V , 1.65 V $\leq$ V<sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		\/oo+ (\/)	V200 (V)	Ta = -40	) to 85°C	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol			V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Offic
		1.1≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.4	1.65 to 3.6	0.65 × V <sub>CCA</sub>		V		
H-level input voltage	V <sub>IHA</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>		1.4≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.65	1.65 to 3.6	0.65× V <sub>CCA</sub>		V
				1.65≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <2.3	2.3 to 3.6	0.65× V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	V
				2.3≤V <sub>CCA</sub> ≤2.7	2.7 to 3.6	1.6	_	V
				1.1≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.4	1.65 to 3.6	_	$\begin{array}{c} 0.30 \times \\ V_{CCA} \end{array}$	V
L-level input voltage	V <sub>ILA</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>		1.4≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.65	1.65 to 3.6	(C)	0.30 × VCCA	V
			(	1.65≤V <sub>CCA</sub> <2.3	2.3 to 3.6		$\begin{array}{c} 0.35 \times \\ V_{CCA} \end{array}$	V
				2.3≤V <sub>CCA</sub> ≤2.7	2.7 to 3.6	<u>(</u> _))	0.7	V
			I <sub>OHB</sub> = -100 μA	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>CCB</sub> - 0.2		V
H-level output voltage	$V_{OHB}$ $A_n = V_{IH}$	$A_n = V_{IH}$	$I_{OHB} = -0.5mA$	1.1 to 1.65	1.65	1.25	_	
			$I_{OHB} = -2 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 2.3	2.3	1.7	_	
		$\wedge$	IOHB = -3 mA	1.1 to 2.7	3.0	2.2	_	
			I <sub>OLB</sub> = 100 μA	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	0.2	
L-level output voltage	V	A V(.)	$l_{OLB} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 1.65	1.65	_	0.3	V
L-level output voltage	V <sub>OLB</sub>	A <sub>n</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub>	1 <sub>OLB</sub> = 2 mA	1.1 to 2.3	2.3		0.6	V
		(	I <sub>OLB</sub> = 3 mA	1.1 to 2.7	3.0	_	0.55	
3-state output OFF state current	loza	$A_n = V_{IHA} \text{ or } V_{IHA$	~ \ \	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	±2.0	μА
Input leakage current	JIN	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6$	v (7/4	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	±1.0	μΑ
	loff1	$V_{IN}$ , $B_n = 0$ to	3.6 V	0	0	_	2.0	
Power-off leakage current	I <sub>OFF2</sub>	OE = V <sub>CCA</sub>		1.1 to 2.7	0	_	2.0	μΑ
	I <sub>OFF3</sub> A <sub>n</sub> , B <sub>n</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.1 to 2.7	OPEN	_	2.0		
	I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> o	r GND	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	2.0	
	I <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> + V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND		1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	2.0	
Quiescent supply current	I <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> < V <sub>IN</sub> ≤		1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	±2.0	μА
	ICCB	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub> ≤ B <sub>n</sub> ≤ 3		1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	±2.0	

### AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to $85^{\circ}$ C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns)

 $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$  V,  $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$  V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	13.7	
3-state output enable time $(\overline{OE}\toBn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	16.6	ns
3-state output disable time $(\ \overline{OE} \ \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	7.2	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)		0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	14.8	
3-state output enable time ( OE → Bn)	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	18.9	ns
3-state output disable time ( OE → Bn)	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	8.7	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osh</sub> L	(Note)	_	0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

(tosLH = |tpLHm - tpLHn|, tosHL = |tpHLm - tpHLn|)

# $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 V$ , $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 V$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	16.0	
3-state output enable time ( OE → Bn)	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	22.8	ns
3-state output disable time ( OE → Bn)	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	10.2	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

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Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|, \, t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	29	
3-state output enable time $(\overline{OE}\to Bn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	63	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	23	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)		1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, \, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15$ V, $V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	18.5	
3-state output enable time $(\ \overline{OE} \ \to Bn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	9,0	23.6	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	6.9	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)	_	0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (An → Bn)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	19.7	
3-state output enable time (OE → Bn)	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	26.6	ns
3-state output disable time ( OE → Bn)	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	8.3	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

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Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, \, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

 $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$  V,  $V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$  V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	33	
3-state output enable time $(\overline{\sf OE} \to {\sf Bn})$	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	66	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	20	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)		1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{\text{OSLH}} = |t_{\text{pLHm}} - t_{\text{pLHn}}|, \, t_{\text{OSHL}} = |t_{\text{pHLm}} - t_{\text{pHLn}}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 1.8 \pm 0.15$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	43	
3-state output enable time $(\ \overline{OE} \ \to Bn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	9,0	78	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \to Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	20	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|)$ 



# **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

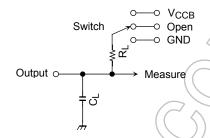
Characteristics		Symbol	Test Circuit	V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
Input capacitance		C <sub>IN</sub>	An, $\overline{\text{OE}}$	2.5	3.3	7	pF
Output capacitance		C <sub>OUT</sub>	Bn	2.5	3.3	8	pF
	(Note)	C <sub>PDA</sub>	<u>OE</u> ="L"	2.5	3.3	3	- pF
Power dissipation capacitance			OE ="H"	2.5	3.3	0	
		C <sub>PDB</sub>	ŌE ="L"	2.5	3.3	13	
			OE ="H"	2.5	3.3	0	

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/2 \text{ (per bit)}$ 

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open
$t_{pLZ}, t_{pZL}$	V <sub>CCB</sub>
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND

Symbol	V <sub>CCB</sub> (output)			
Symbol	$3.3 \pm 0.3  \text{V} \\ 2.5 \pm 0.2  \text{V}$	1.8 ± 0.15 V		
$R_{L}$	1 kΩ	1 kΩ		
CL	30 pF	30 pF		

Figure 1

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#### **AC Waveform**

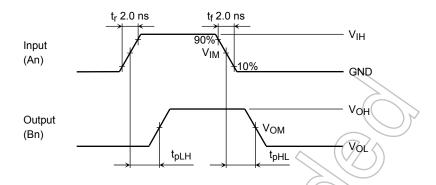


Figure 2 t<sub>pLH</sub>, t<sub>pHL</sub>

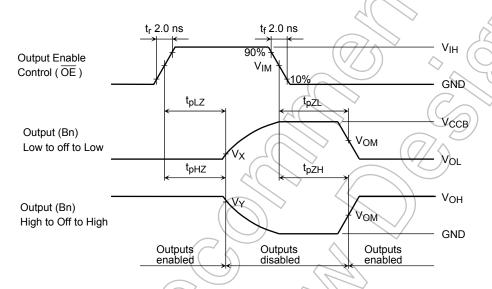
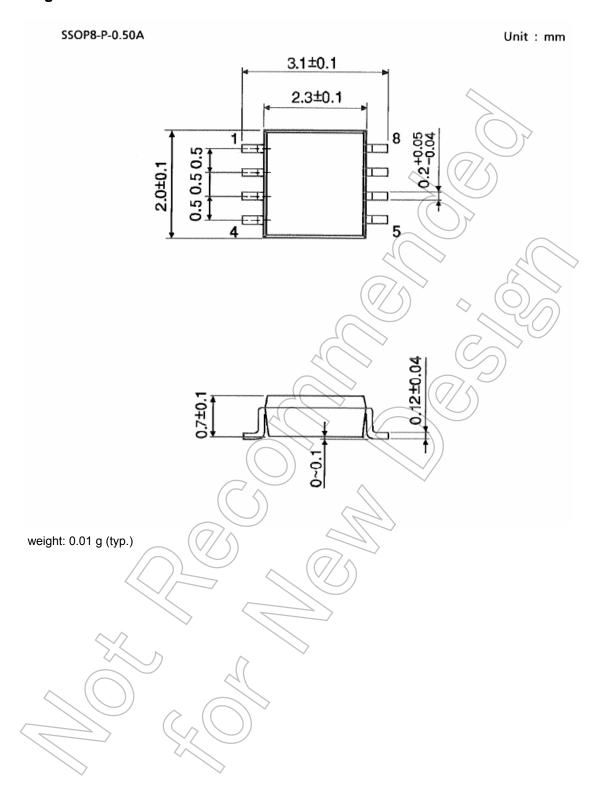


Figure 3 t<sub>pLZ</sub>, t<sub>pHZ</sub>, t<sub>pZL</sub>, t<sub>pZH</sub>

			V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub>			
$\wedge$		~	VCCA, VCCB			
//		Symbol	221021	$2.5\pm0.2~\textrm{V}$	$1.5\pm0.1~V$	
	5		3.3 ± 0.3 V	$1.8\pm0.15~\textrm{V}$	$1.2\pm0.1~\textrm{V}$	
	Input	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	
	)	VjM		V <sub>CCA</sub> /2	V <sub>CCA</sub> /2	
	Output (	Уом	V <sub>OH</sub> /2	V <sub>OH</sub> /2	-	
		VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	-	
		VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	-	

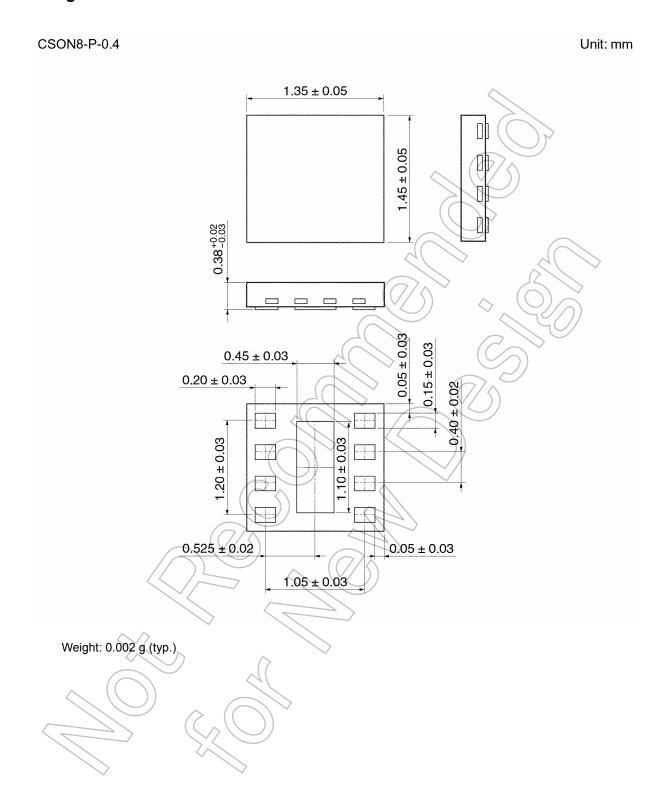
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# **Package Dimensions**



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# **Package Dimensions**



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