



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: [info@chipsmall.com](mailto:info@chipsmall.com) Web: [www.chipsmall.com](http://www.chipsmall.com)

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



STRUCTURE            Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit  
 TYPE                   Positive and Negative Variable Linear Regulator  
 PRODUCT SERIES     **B D 3 9 8 8 F V**

FEATURES            1. Built-in positive (REG1) and negative (REG2) Linear Regulator for CCDs/ Variable output/  
                                  Low saturation voltage type.  
                                  2. Built-in Discharge circuit. Negative output voltage (REG2) turns off immediately,  
                                  after STB turns off.

○ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Positive Supply Voltage	VCC	+18 ※1	V
Negative Supply Voltage	VEE	-18 ※1	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	380 ※2	mW
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55~+125	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	Tjmax	125	°C

※1 Not to exceed Pd.

※2 Reduced by 3.8mW/°C over Ta=25°C ,during IC without heat sink operation.

○OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Positive Supply Voltage	VCC	+15.0	+18.0	V
Negative Supply Voltage	VEE	-14.0	-7.5	V
REG1 Output Voltage	Vo1	+14.0	+16.0	V
REG2 Output Voltage	Vo2	-8.5	-6.5	V
Output Current 1	Io1	—	25	mA
Output Current 2	Io2	—	50	mA

※ Vdropout(Reg1) × Io(Reg1) + Vdropout(Reg2) × Io(Reg2) not to exceed Pd=380mW.

OELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VCC=16.5V, VEE=-10V, Set REG1=15V, Set REG2=-7.5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
		MIN	Typ	MAX		
【Bias current】						
Bias Current (VCC)	ICC	—	500	850	μA	Io1=0mA
Bias Current (VEE)	IEE	—	200	300	μA	Io2=0mA
【STB】						
STB OFF Voltage	STBOFF	0	—	0.6	V	Io1, 2=0mA
STB ON Voltage	STBON	1.6	—	3.5	V	Io1, 2=0mA
STB OFF Bias Current (VEE)	IOFF	0.7	1.6	2.5	mA	Io1, 2=0mA
STB ON Input Current	Iin	10	30	60	μA	VSTB=2V, Io1, 2=0mA
【Discharge block】						
Discharge Current	Idis	1.5	3.5	6.0	mA	
【REG1】						
CTL1 Voltage	Vct11	1.372	1.400	1.428	V	Io1=10mA
Dropout Voltage 1	ΔVd1	—	0.25	0.35	V	Vcc=14.2V, Io1=25mA
Peak Output Current 1	Io1	25	—	—	mA	
Load Regulation 1	Vload1	—	100	—	mV	Io1=0~25mA
Short - Circuit Output Current 1	Ishort1	—	50	—	mA	Vo1=0V
Ripple Rejection 1	R. R. 1	—	50	—	dB	f=120Hz, ein=1Vrms, Io1=2mA
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage 1 ※	Tcvo1	—	±0.02	—	%/℃	Io1=1mA, Tj=0~125℃
【REG2】						
CTL2 Voltage	Vct11	-1.275	-1.250	-1.225	V	Io2=10mA
Dropout Voltage2	ΔVd2	—	0.35	0.45	V	VEE=-7.1V, Io2=50mA
Peak Output Current2	Io2	50	—	—	mA	
Load Regulation2	Vload2	—	100	—	mV	Io2=0~50mA
Short - Circuit Output Current 2	Ishort2	—	120	—	mA	Vo2=0V
Ripple Rejection2	R. R. 2	—	50	—	dB	f=120Hz, ein=1Vrms, Io2=2mA
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage 2 ※	Tcvo2	—	±0.02	—	%/℃	Io2=1mA, Tj=0~125℃

◎ Discharge time

$$t = (\text{Reg2} \times \text{Co}) / I_{\text{dis}} \quad [\text{s}]$$

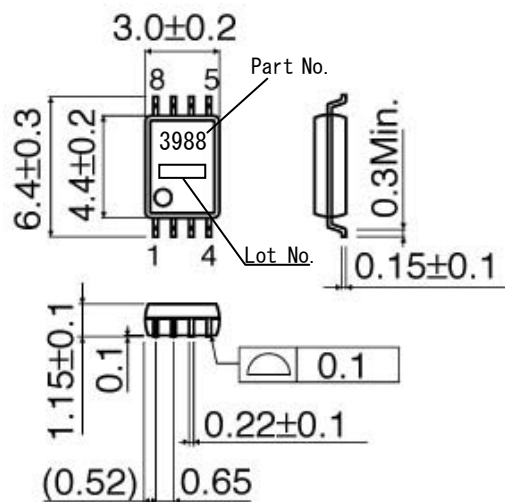
(VEE=-10V)

Co:Reg2 Output capacitor(μF)

※ Design Guarantee (Shipment inspection is not done on all products.)

This product is not designed for protection against radio active rays.

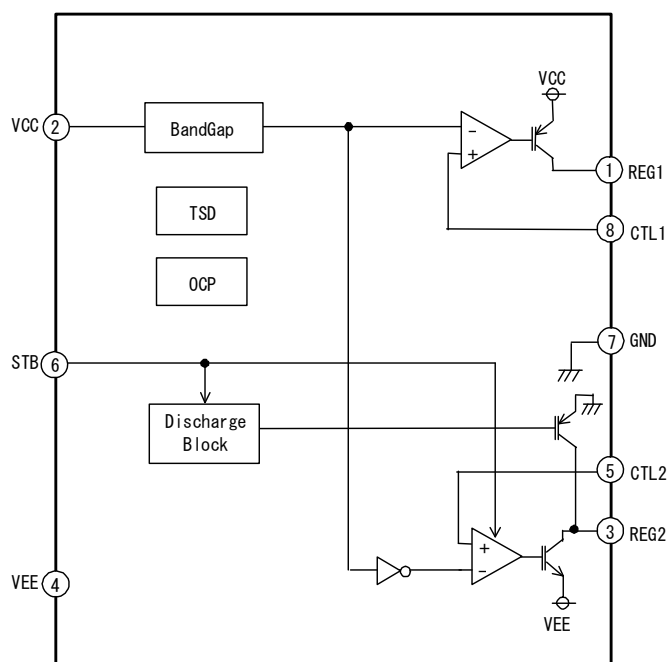
## OPHYSICAL DIMENSIONS · MARKING



SSOP-B8 (UNIT : mm)

## ○BLOCK DIAGRAM

## ○PIN No. • PIN NAME



Pin No.	Pin Name
1	REG1
2	VCC
3	REG2
4	VEE
5	CTL2
6	STB
7	GND
8	CTL1

※Refer to the Technical Note about the details of the application.

## ○OPERATING NOTES

### 1) Absolute maximum ratings

Use of the IC in excess of absolute maximum ratings such as the applied voltage or operating temperature range may result in IC damage. Assumptions should not be made regarding the state of the IC (short mode or open mode) when such damage is suffered. A physical safety measure such as a fuse should be implemented when use of the IC in a special mode where the absolute maximum ratings may be exceeded is anticipated.

### 2) VEE potential

Ensure a minimum VEE pin potential in all operating conditions.

### 3) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions.

### 4) Pin short and mistake mounting

Use caution when orienting and positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. Improper mounting may result in damage to the IC. Shorts between output pins and the power supply and GND pins caused by the presence of a foreign object may result in damage to the IC. Ensure a minimum GND pin potential in all operating conditions.

### 5) Actions in strong magnetic field

Keep in mind that the IC may malfunction in strong magnetic fields.

### 6) Testing on application boards

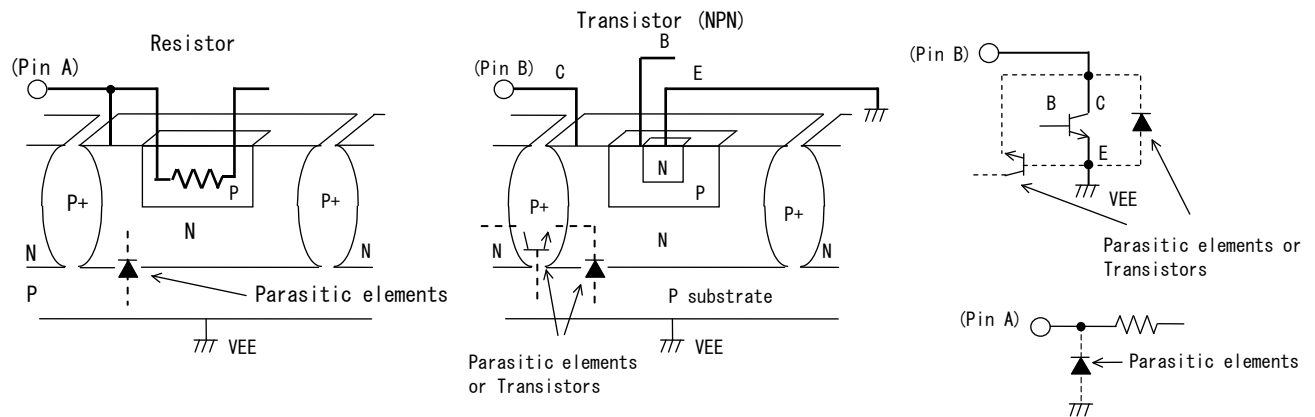
When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor to a pin with low impedance subjects the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors after each process or step. Always turn the IC's power supply off before connecting it to or removing it from a jig or fixture during the inspection process. Ground the IC during assembly steps as an antistatic measure, and use similar caution when transporting or storing the IC.

### 7) This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P/N junctions are formed at the intersection of these P layers with the N layers of other elements to create a variety of parasitic elements. For example, when the resistors and transistors are connected to the pins as shown in the following figure,

○The P/N junction functions as a parasitic diode when  $VEE > \text{Pin A}$  for the resistor or  $VEE > \text{Pin B}$  for the transistor (NPN).

○Similarly, when  $VEE > \text{Pin B}$  for the transistor (NPN), the parasitic diode described above combines with the N layer of other adjacent elements to operate as a parasitic NPN transistor.

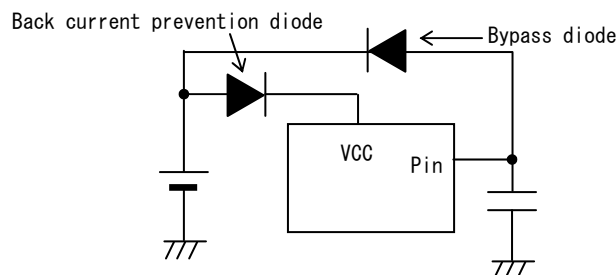
The formation of parasitic elements as a result of the relationships of the potentials of different pins is an inevitable result of the IC's architecture. The operation of parasitic elements can cause interference with circuit operation as well as IC malfunction and damage. For these reasons, it is necessary to use caution so that the IC is not used in a way that will trigger the operation of parasitic elements, such as by the application of voltages lower than the VEE (P substrate) voltage to input pins. Keep in mind that the IC may malfunction in strong magnetic fields.



## 8) Ground patterns

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the application's reference point so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external parts, either.

- 9) Applications or inspection processes where the potentials of the VCC pin and other pins may be reversed from their normal states may cause damage to the IC's internal circuitry or elements. Use an output pin capacitance of  $1,000\mu\text{F}$  or lower in case VCC is shorted with the GND pin while the external capacitor is charged. It is recommended to insert a diode for preventing back current flow in series with VCC or bypass diodes between VCC and each pin.



## 10) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

This IC incorporates a built-in TSD circuit for the protection from thermal destruction. The IC should be used within the specified power dissipation range. However, in the event that the IC continues to be operated in excess of its power dissipation limits, the attendant rise in the junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) will trigger the TSD circuit to turn off all output power elements. The circuit automatically resets once the junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) drops. Operation of the TSD circuit presumes that the IC's absolute maximum ratings have been exceeded. Application designs should never make use of the TSD circuit.

## 11) Overcurrent protection circuit (OCP)

The IC incorporates a built-in overcurrent protection circuit that operates according to the output current capacity. This circuit serves to protect the IC from damage when the load is shorted. The protection circuit is designed to limit current flow by not latching in the event of a large and instantaneous current flow originating from a large capacitor or other component. This protection circuits is effective in preventing damage due to sudden and unexpected accidents. However, the IC should not be used in applications characterized by the continuous operation or transitioning of the protection circuits. At the time of thermal designing, keep in mind that the current capacity has negative characteristics to temperatures.



## Notes

No copying or reproduction of this document, in part or in whole, is permitted without the consent of ROHM Co.,Ltd.

The content specified herein is subject to change for improvement without notice.

The content specified herein is for the purpose of introducing ROHM's products (hereinafter "Products"). If you wish to use any such Product, please be sure to refer to the specifications, which can be obtained from ROHM upon request.

Examples of application circuits, circuit constants and any other information contained herein illustrate the standard usage and operations of the Products. The peripheral conditions must be taken into account when designing circuits for mass production.

Great care was taken in ensuring the accuracy of the information specified in this document. However, should you incur any damage arising from any inaccuracy or misprint of such information, ROHM shall bear no responsibility for such damage.

The technical information specified herein is intended only to show the typical functions of and examples of application circuits for the Products. ROHM does not grant you, explicitly or implicitly, any license to use or exercise intellectual property or other rights held by ROHM and other parties. ROHM shall bear no responsibility whatsoever for any dispute arising from the use of such technical information.

The Products specified in this document are intended to be used with general-use electronic equipment or devices (such as audio visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communication devices, electronic appliances and amusement devices).

The Products specified in this document are not designed to be radiation tolerant.

While ROHM always makes efforts to enhance the quality and reliability of its Products, a Product may fail or malfunction for a variety of reasons.

Please be sure to implement in your equipment using the Products safety measures to guard against the possibility of physical injury, fire or any other damage caused in the event of the failure of any Product, such as derating, redundancy, fire control and fail-safe designs. ROHM shall bear no responsibility whatsoever for your use of any Product outside of the prescribed scope or not in accordance with the instruction manual.

The Products are not designed or manufactured to be used with any equipment, device or system which requires an extremely high level of reliability the failure or malfunction of which may result in a direct threat to human life or create a risk of human injury (such as a medical instrument, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controller, fuel-controller or other safety device). ROHM shall bear no responsibility in any way for use of any of the Products for the above special purposes. If a Product is intended to be used for any such special purpose, please contact a ROHM sales representative before purchasing.

If you intend to export or ship overseas any Product or technology specified herein that may be controlled under the Foreign Exchange and the Foreign Trade Law, you will be required to obtain a license or permit under the Law.



Thank you for your accessing to ROHM product informations.  
More detail product informations and catalogs are available, please contact us.

## ROHM Customer Support System

<http://www.rohm.com/contact/>